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WARNING: USE FIXED WIDTH FONTS (eg COURIER (NEW) 10) #*#*# (C) RashiYomi Inc.2004, Dr. Hendel, President #*#*##

OVERVIEW OF HILIGHTS IN THIS ISSUE (C) Dr Hendel, Jan-04

Whats new and hot in this issue?			
ITEM	FEM WHATS NEW & HOT IN THIS ISSUE		
Simple/Drash	A Peach of an exampleSimple vs Homiletic*1		
R Strum asks	A peach of a Rashi emendation*2		
	COMMENTS		
<pre>*1 -a- XRD means STARTLE/SHOCK -b- GREAT XRD means SHOCK AT PLIGHT OF HUMAN HISTORY -a- is the simple meaning of the text -b- is the Midrashic meaning of the text Both can be backed by lists. Both are what the text intended. A truely beautiful illustration of the unity of - SIMPLE vs - HOMILETIC meaning. *2 Rabbi George Strum pointed out to me the following verses - Gn23-09 The KFL cave in Ephrons field - Gn23-17 Ephrons field in KFL - Gn23-17 The field and cave in IT(IT=KFL) So was KFL an attribute of the cave in the field or</pre>			
I suggested th	ning that contained the field. The following The name of the TOWN		

- The town was called DOUBLE either because -- all houses were DOUBLE/TWO STORY -- town was RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (only DOUBLES(Couples))

Abraham argued that even though the Hitites were a 3rd world nation nevertheless they knew that after the singles scene people needed a place to retire---hence the need for RESIDENTIAL DISTRICTS. By giving him a plot in the residential district the HITITES showed empathy with Abrahams values.

This explanation is consistent with Rashi that - KFL could refer to COUPLES(4 couples buried in cave) - KFL could refer to TWO STORY cave

Rabbi Strum said I seemed to have solved the problem but I violated the traditional interpretation of Rashi We then had a lively discussion about when we could override a traditional interpretation of Rashi.

LIGHTNING SUMMARIES (C) Dr Hendel, Jan-04

Lighting summary of Rashis with emphasis on Rashi rules*10

LIST BRIEF SUMMARY OF RASHI EMPHASIZING USE OF RASHI RULES

7 863m \$@N = hindrance/obstacles

7 863n XRD = STARTLE/SHOCK; GREAT STARTLE=shock at human history

8 005k ALSO=EXTRANESS in a)object b)derived object c)Relation

9 061a GOOD NEWS(God with me) facilitates/causes SMOOTH travel

7 910d SHIN=SIN:Q\$@(Shin)=Beauty; Q\$@(sin)=Ornament

1 210y Gn33-18a-Jacob came WHOLE illumined by Gn32-32-He had LIMP

COMMENTS

LONGER FOOTNOTES

*10 The explanation of the list should be clear - The first column gives the NUMBER of the RASHI RULE used All Rashi rules may be found with examples at http://wwww.Rashiyomi.com/workbook.htm

- The second column gives the LIST ID (eg LIST210z) which contains many examples of a particular Rashi technique and includes the example presented in the third column

- The third column gives a lightning summary of the Rashi with particular emphasis on the Rashi rule used.

Rashis covered in this issue (C) Dr Hendel, Jan-04				
VERSE RULE BRIEF DESCRIPTION				
	======			
Gn26-21a	UNIFIED MEANING	\$@N=hindrance;XRD=Startle;		
Gn27-33a	UNIFIED MEANING	\$@N=hindrance;XRD=Startle;		
Gn27-45b	SPECIAL WORDS	ALSO used in three ways		
Gn29-01a	GRAMMARr	Good news(Gd with me)causes SMOOTHNES		
Gn33-19a	WORD MEANINGS	Q\$@=Q\$@::Beauty(Shin):Ornament(Sin)		
Gn33-18a	OTHER VERSES	Jacob came HEALED to Schem from LIMP		

##*# (C) RashiYomi Inc., 2004, Dr. Hendel, President #*#*#*# VERSE: Gn33-18a

Gn33-18a (C) Dr Hendel, Jan-04		
SUCCINCT SUMMARY SUCCINCT SUMMARY SUCCINCT SUMMARY SUCCINCT SUMMARY SUCCINCT SUMMARY Sustained the states that Sustained to Schem Sustained		
ITEM	DETAIL	
RASHI RULE CLASS	OTHER VERSES	
RASHI SUBRULE CLASS	FURTHER DETAILS	
RASHI WORKBOOK PRINCIPLE	#1	
SEE BELOW	LIST210y	
List of verses pairs	with one verse illuminating another	
LIST210y (C) Dr Hendel, Jan-04		

List of verses pairs with one verse illuminating another LIST210y CONTINUES LIST210a LIST210z **OTHER** VERSE TEXT OF VERSE DETAILS VRSE Gn26-29a We didnt HARM you Gn26-16 we ASKED you to go*1 Gn26-33a City of SHEVA named for Gn21-30:31 OATH=SheVuAh*2 Gn27-FRAGRANT BLESSED Lv23-40 ETHROG=SPLENDOR*3 FIELD 27b Gn33-18a Jacob came WHOLE to city Gn32-32 Jacob LIMPED*11 **COMMENTS** *1 We ASKED you to go but didnt HARASS you till you went *2 The point being that the city wasnt named for the symbolic use of SEVEN (SHIVAH) lambs to seal the treaty (BUt rather the SEVEN lambs symbolically affirm the OATH=SHEVA for which the city was named) *3 Gn27-27b refers to a BLESSED FRAGRANT FIELD while Lv23-40 refers to a TREE OF SPLENDOR.*10 ----- LONGER FOOTNOTES ------*10 Rashi uses the languages this refers to an APPLE orchard But apple orchards are not known for their fragrance. Rather the reference is probably to an ETHROG orchard which has a characteristic hypnotic fragrance. The Hebrew word for ETHROG is GOLDEN APPLE. (The beauty of fragrance of an ETHROG ORCHARD was mentioned by the Rav, Rabbi Soloveitchick). *11 Rashi citing the Talmud states Jacob came whole - from LIMP - from Monetary gifts to Esauv(Jacob had all his money) - with all his learning But there 3 items all emanate from Gn32-32 where we are told that Jacob fought with an angel and won. Since he won

- he did not lose money - he did not lose his Jewishness

##*# (C) RashiYomi Inc., 2004, Dr. Hendel, President #*#*#*# VERSE: Gn33-19a

Gn33-19a			
		(C) Dr H	endel, Jan-04
SUCCINCT SUMMARY One of Rashis 5 main goals was to explain the meaning of words the same way a dictionary explains words. Rashi sometimes explains meaning by analyzing roots. In particular roots with SHIN and SIN often have the same or similar meanings. EXAMPLE Gn33-19a The Kuph-Sin-Tet=Ornament and refers to a monetary unit equal to a bead of silver. The Kuph-Shin-Tet=Beauty. Here the ORNAMENT (Sin spelling) is an EXAMPLE of			
BEAUTY/ADORNMENT (Shin spelling) ITEM DETAIL			
RASHI RULE CL	ASS:		WORD MEANINGS
RASHI SUBRULE CLASS			2-4 Letter roots
RASHI WORKBOOK PRINCIPLE		CIPLE	#7
SEE BELOW			LIST910d
List of root pairs with			SHIN-SIN difference; they mean same
LIST910d (C) Dr Hendel, Jan-04			
List of root pairs with SHIN-SIN difference; they mean same ROOT SIN SHIN COMMONALITY OF TWO ROOTS			
KUO1 Kuph-Shin-Tet	SIN Ornamnt	SHIN Beauty*4	COMMONALITY OF TWO ROOTS Ornaments=examples of beauty
Kas-Kas	Scales	Stubble	Scales:Fish::Stubble:Ground*3
Sin-Lamed-Vav	FatBird	Tranquil	Feeling of Saiety
Ayin-Sin-Resh	10	rich	10=plurality;rich=much money
Ayin-Sin-Kuph	dispute	wage-theft	Both involve property fights
Kuph-Sin-Kuph	Quarter	trinkets*2	Both are small silver objects
• •	withold	dark	To withold=keep it in dark
Chet-Sin-Caph Nun-Sin-Aleph	withold lift up	dark seduce	To withold=keep it in dark Seduce=give a person a HIGH

COMMENTS *1 The 2 Rashis on Gn25-29a Gn25-29b both describe property disputes on the wells, Hence the two roots - Ayin-Shin-Kaph=Withold wages - Ayin-Sin-Kaph=dispute *2 Biblical money has the following analogy with English _____ Penny = Perutah Quarter = Kesitah = 1/6 Dinar Dollar = Dinar 5 Dollar = Selah = 4 Dinar_____ We of course use poetic lisence to translate Kesitah as a Quarter (since it really is a sixth) *3 This is an example of naming by APPEARANCE See LIST810b for further examples *4 Both these roots are extremely rare. I translate - Pr22-21 To teach you the BEAUTY of truth - P060-06 Gave victory--in order to ADORN us - Gn33-19a Paid for it with 100 Ornaments*10 LONGER FOOTNOTES *10 In old times there was no paper money. So money was by the weight/size of silver and gold. Hence a a SILVER ORNAMENT was typically the size between a penny and dollar. Talmudic measurements indicate that - a PENNY=weight of half a wheat grain in silver ORNAMENT=32 pennies (Size of typical beads) - DOLLAR = 6 ORNAMENTS Here the terms PENNY/ORNAMENT/DOLLAR are used figuratively to refer to units of Biblical currency #*#*# (C) RashiYomi Inc.2003, Dr. Hendel, President #*#*#*# VERSE: Gn29-01a

Gn29-01a (C) Dr Hendel, Jan-04 VERY BRIEF SUMMARY -----One of Rashis 6 main goals is to explain Grammar the same way modern textbooks do. One class of grammar rules deal with

style--eg how paragraphs should be organized. Rashi knew 4 methods of connecting consecutive paragraphs - CAUSE - ENABLEMENT - CONTRAST - UNIFYING THEME EXAMPLE Gn29-01a _____ -In Gn28 God states that he will be WITH Jacob -Gn29-01 states that Jacob travelled smoothly Rashi notes that SMOOTH travels is FACILITATED by prior GOOD NEWS DETAIL ITEM **RASHI RULE CLASS:** GRAMMAR RASHI SUBRULE CLASS: CONSECUTIVE CHAPTERS RASHI WORKBOOK PRINCIPLE #9 SEE BELOW LIST061a A list of paragraphs having CAUSAL connection LIST061a (C) Dr Hendel, Jan-04 A list of paragraphs having CAUSAL connection VERSE **TOPIC IN 1st CHAPTER TOPIC IN 2nd CHAPTER** Gn29-01a God WITH Jacob Jacob travelled SMOOTHLY*5 Nu06-02a Adulterous wife rite Nazaarite from wine*1 Gn38-01a Brothers sell Joseph Judah leaves brothers*1 Abraham offers Isaac Sarah dies*1 Gn23-03c Gn02-20a Adam Eve are Naked Snake gives Eve Apple*2 Lv10-02a Non-allowed sac Death of Aarons sons*3 Lv10-02a Death of Aarons sons No wine to serving priest*3 Lv10-03d Death of Righteous God honored*4 **COMMENTS** *1 Thus "whoever see the humiliating Adulterous wife rite" will be so shocked that he will abstain from wine Similarly "Judah advised his brothers to sell Joseph" and so when they regretted it they blaimed him and he had to "separate from them." Similarly "Sarah died" from the shock that "Abraham

offered Isaac."

*2 In other words because the snake saw Adam and Eve naked therefore he became Jealous and wanted Adam killed so he could marry Eve. ALthough this sounds a bit wild there is strong supporting evidence. Gn04-01 uses the past perfect form "And Adam HAD BEEN FAMILIAR with his wife & they had a child" So the sequence of chapters is "Adam was lonely" "God makes Eve" "Adam and Eve are naked" -----"Snake tempts Eve" "Adam has a child with Eve" Thus the sequence of chapters (Naked--->child) is clearly interrupted by the Snake story. *3 As explained above Rashi sees these two views as complementary - First they drank wine and got drunk - While drunk they thought it permissable to offer sacrifices which should not be offered Hence they died for both crimes *4 Rashi explains the Causal connection - when the masses see that God EVEN kills the righteous for sins - then they are aware how they must also observe Gods commandments - This leads to more honor for God

*5 So GOOD NEWS facilitates/causes SMOOTH TRAVEL(Rashi)

#*#*# (C) RashiYomi Inc.2003, Dr. Hendel, President #*#*#*#
VERSE: Gn27-45b

- her tw - the fo	Rashi explains that Rivkah would lose - her two children - the followers of her two children			
Because - If Esa	uv tries to 1	Kill Jacob	c	
	will defend b en Esauv-s fo			
- And Ja	cobs follower	rs will ki	ill Esau	vs followers
- and th	e two groups	of follow	wers wil	l fight
ITEM			DETAIL	
	LE CLASS:			CONNECTIVE WORDS
	BRULE CLASS:		CONNEC	CTIVE WORDS
	ORKBOOK PRINC	IPLE	#8	
SEE BELO			LIST0051	
A list of ver	rses with		ALSO us	ed in three ways
		LIS	T005k	
		(C) Dr He	ndel, Jai	n-04
List of	verses with	ALSO	used in	n three ways*10
VERSE	THEME	TEXT		ALSO
Ex19-22a	Extra Object	PRIESTS separate		FIRSTBORN separate*1
Ex12-31b	Extra Object	YOU leave		ELDERS leave
Ex18-18b	Extra Object	YOU will w	vither	ELDERS will wither
Dt26-13c	Extra Object	Give MAAS	SER	Give TERUMAH
Gn15-14a	Extra Object	Egypt punis	hed	4 Kingdoms punished*2
Gn17-16b	Derived Object	Sarah has c	hild	has nursing capacity*9
Dt22-22a	Derived object	ADULTERERS die		FOETUS dies
Ex12-31c	Derived object	JEWS will leave		INFANTS will leave
Ex06-04a	Derived Object	VISION of God		TREATY of God
Dt12-31a	Derived Object	Offer CHILDREN		Offer PARENTS
Gn42-22a	Derived object	JOSEPH's blood		JACOB'S blood
Gn19-21a	Derived object	Spare LOT		Spare his CITY
Dt23-19c	Derived object	Hire of WHEAT		FLOUR also prohibited
Gn27-45b	Derived object	Lose CHILDREN		Lose their FOLLOWERS*11
Ex06-04a	Relational*3	Mshe/Abrm propht Long term/not immediate		Long term/not immediate
Ex06-05a	Relational*3	Mshe/Abrm	propht	Long term/not immediate

0.07.02			1	
Gn07-03a	Relational*4	7 Kosher;2 Traif	ditto animals/birds	
Gn30-03b	Relational*5	Hagar/Sarah bore	Bilhah/Rachel bore	
Gn29-27c	Relational*6	Marry Leah now	Marry Rachel now	
Gn27-33d	Relational*7	You are blessed	He is blessed anyway	
Nu11-04b	Relational*8	Complain / Cry	non-jews / Jews	
Gn44-10a	Relational	He dies/We slave	He slave/We free	
Gn30-30b	Relational	Amass food/wealth	For Laban/Myself	
Ex07-23a	Relational	Hardened heart	Didn't pay attention	
Nu22-19a	Relational	Stay tonight/gone	1st group / 2nd group	
		COMMENTS		
*1 Here	is the way to	use this list	We use the first row	
Verse Column First we look up the verse Ex19-22a AND ALSO THE PRIESTS WILL SEPARATE. Text Column				
We see t	he text P	RIESTS separate.		
Also Col				
	umn indicates ctioned as pr		des the FIRSTBORN	
	erse is read			
God told Moses: The Priests ALSO (besides the firstborn) will separate				
In other words the word ALSO is interpreted to include the FIRSTBORN besides the PRIEST. The FIRSTBORN are EXTRA to the priest.				
To make this easier to see I have CAPPED both FIRSTBORN and PRIESTS.				
*2 So here without the word ALSO I would say that God punishes nations which subjugate us. With the word ALSO I say that God both punishes the nation AND with 10 plagues AND with letting the Jews out with wealth.				
*3 God criticized Moses for wanting an IMMEDIATE fulfillment of the prophecy that the Jews will be redeemed. God said I ALSO gave prophecies to the Patriarchs (And they did not demand immediate fulfillment)				

*4 7:2--7 Kosher animals vs 2 non-kosher animals-is only mentioned by the ANIMALS. The word ALSO implies the 7:2 ratio was preserved by the birds ALSO.

*5 Just as when Sarah couldn't have children she gave her husband(Abraham) her maid (Hagar) so too when Rachel could have children she gave her husband her maid

*6 Laban had tricked Jacob into marrying Leah vs. Rachel.

*7 Jacob had tricked Isaac into blessing him. Isaac says he is ALSO blessed. In other words, EVEN if he hadnt tricked me he would still be blessed.

*8 The Non-jews complained about the lack of food in the desert. The verse continues THEY RETURNED AND COMPLAINED, ALSO THE JEWS. The word ALSO connotes that the Jews complained with the same cynicism as the non-jews.

*9 Gn21-27 confirms this since it states Who would have expected Sarah to NURSE CHILDREN The plural CHILDREN connotes that Sarah nursed the children of several women at the birthday party.

LONGER FOOTNOTES

*10 The three methods are - ALSO connotes an EXTRA extraneous object - ALSO connotes a DERIVED object - ALSO connotes a SIMILAR RELATIONSHIP or method See http://www.Rashiyomi.com/dt23-19c.htm for a previous presentation of this list *11 The argument is that if - Esauv tries to Kill Jacob - Jacob will defend himself and kill Esauv first - But then Esauv-s followers will kill Jacob - And Jacobs followers will kill Esauvs followers - and the two groups of followers will fight Rashi cites an obscure Talmudic passage from Sotah that both Jacob and Esauv died on the same day---but this Homily is clearly allegorical--furthermore the Talmud refutes this and claims that they were buried on the same day (But died on different days)

##*# (C) RashiYomi Inc., 2004, Dr. Hendel, President #*#*#*# VERSE: Gn26-21a RASHIS COVERED: Gn26-21a Gn27-33a

Gn26-21a		
(C) Dr Hendel, Jan-04		
SUCCINCT SUMMARY		
One of Rashis main goals was the explanation of meaning similar to what a dictionary does. Rashi had a variety of vehicles to explain meaning including the METHOD OF UNIFYING MEANINGS in which Rashi shows a UNIFYING theme to the		
disparate meanings of a Hebr	rew root.	
EXAMPLE Gn26-21a \$@N		
The Hebrew root \$@N=SATAN is best translated as HINDRANCE In the following verses HINDRANCE is the best translation -1S29-04 David will not join us in war because he will HINDER		
US -2S19-23 David said:Dont be a HINDRANCEwe have won today -1K11-25 They were a (Military) HINDRANCE all of Solomons Reign		
-Gn26-21a The named the plac	e HINDRANCE-due to ownership	
disputes -P109-20 Curses on my HINDER	RERSwho speak badly about me	
EXAMPLE Gn27-33a XRD		
The Hebrew root XRD is best translated as SHOCK/STARTLE The phrase GREAT XRD refers to SHOCK at the vicissitudes of human history.		
-Gn42-28 SHOCK/STARTLE at PAYMENT MONEY NOT DELIVERED		
-Ex19-16 SHOCK/STARTLE at I	-	
-1S16-04 SHOCK/STARTLE at v	inding a women in his bedroom visit of prophet SAMUEL	
	Sudden army overtaking by night	
-1S14-15 SHOCK/STARTLE at military loss of 20 soldiers		
	appearance of Esau after he left! A great prophetic vision	
ITEM	DETAIL	
RASHI RULE CLASS:	WORD MEANINGS	
RASHI SUBRULE CLASS	UNIFIED MEANINGS	
RASHI WORKBOOK PRINCIPLE	#7	
SEE BELOW	LIST863m	
List of verses with	Root \$@N meaning HINDRANCE	
SEE BELOW	LIST863n	
List of verses with	Root XRD meaning STARTLE/SHOCK	
LIST863m (C) Dr Hendel, Jan-04		

List of verses with Root \$@N meaning HINDRANCE			
VERSE		H TRANSLATION OF \$@n=hinder CAPPED	
1S29-04	David will not join us in war because he will HINDER US		
2S19-23		DRANCEwe have won today	
1K11-25	They were a (Military) HI	NDRANCE all of Solomons Reign	
Gn26-21a	They named the place HIN	NDRANCE-due to ownership dispute	
P109-20	Curses on my HINDERE	RS*1who speak badly about me	
	(COMMENTS	
God whei the bool Perhaps those se	he is an angle of HINDRANCEtesting us to see if we serve God when things dont go smoothly. This is best seen in the book of JOBSATAN can hinder Job but not kill him. Perhaps this is the reason that SATAN is associated with those sexual practices that people do when under severe hindrance.		
	(C) I	LIST863n Dr Hendel, Jan-04	
List of	verses with	Root XRD meaning STARTLE/SHOCK	
VERSE	SHOCK/STARTLE	INCIDENT CAUSING startle/shock	
Gn42-28	SHOCK/STARTLE	PAYMENT MONEY NOT DELIVERED	
Ex19-16	SHOCK/STARTLE	LOUD Trumpet blasts	
Ru03-07	SHOCK/STARTLE	finding a women in his bedroom	
1S16-04	SHOCK/STARTLE	visit of prophet SAMUEL	
2S17-02	SHOCK/STARTLE	Sudden army overtaking by night	
1S14-15	SHOCK/STARTLE	military loss of 20 soldiers	
Gn27-33a	SHOCK/STARTLE	appearance of Esau after he left!*1	
Dn10-07	SHOCK/STARTLE	great prophetic vision*1	
COMMENTS			
*1 A peach of a Rashi showing the beautiful harmony between - the simple meaning of the text - the so called midrashic meaning of the text Rashi states			
XRD means STARTLED/SHOCKED (Rashi-is-SimpleEsauv had just leftso his reappearance STARTLED Isaac)			

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But Rashi then continues
______
And the Midrash states that ISAAC saw HELL and
hence the word XRD
   But neither the Midrash nor Rashi can go against
the above list...XRD means STARTLE not the sight
of hell.
But Rashi comments on TWO items in the verse. For
although there are many verses with the root XRD
only TWO verses contain the phrase GREAT XRD--
GREAT STARTLE.
Dn10-07 contains the phrase GREAT STARTLE when
speaking about the great vision of the 4
terror beasts. So quite simply....Isaac didnt
exactly see hell but he saw he was lied to and
he understood that he had witnessed the power
of the 4 terror beasts (Esauv is identified with
Rome which is considered the 4th)
Note the great beauty of this Rashi--both comments
- XRD=startle
- GREAT XRD = startle at shock of history
are
- the simple meaning of the text
- backed up by lists.
There is no SIMPLE vs HOMILETIC meaning..rather
there is simply the text and its clear and
unambiguous nuances!
Understand this for Rashi never states anything
but the simple meaning of the text.
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